

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: NUCREL™ 0910 Acid Copolymer

Issue Date: 10/18/2023 Print Date: 10/19/2023

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: NUCREL™ 0910 Acid Copolymer

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses:** A polyethylene plastic - For industrial conversion as a raw material for manufacture of articles or goods.

**Uses advised against:** We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

## **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY 2211 H.H. DOW WAY MIDLAND MI 48674 UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436

SDSQuestion@dow.com

#### **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER**

24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300

**Local Emergency Contact:** 800-424-9300

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Hazard classification

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

## Label elements

Signal word: WARNING!

## Hazards

If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.

## Other hazards

Product name: NUCREL™ 0910 Acid Copolymer

Slipping hazard.

Dust contact with the eves can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Synonyms:** Ethylene copolymer This product is a substance.

Substance name: 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with ethene

**CASRN**: 25053-53-6

Contains no hazardous ingredients according to GHS

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Seek first aid or medical attention as needed. If molten material comes in contact with the skin, do not apply ice but cool under ice water or running stream of water. DO NOT attempt to remove the material from skin. Removal could result in severe tissue damage. Seek medical attention immediately. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

**Eye contact:** Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. May cause gastrointestinal blockage. Do not give laxatives. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

# **Extinguishing media**

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**Suitable extinguishing media:** Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known...

# Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, do not permit dust to accumulate.. Product can accumulate electrostatic charges. Static discharge in the presence of volatile or flammable mixtures presents a potential fire or explosion hazard.. May form combustible dust concentrations in air (during processing).. Molten polyethylene tends to flow or drip and will propagate fire..

# Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. If material is molten, do not apply direct waterstream. Use fine water spray or foam..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.. Use personal protective equipment..

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sweep up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for safe handling:** Avoid breathing process fumes. Do not breathe dust. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and

sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use with adequate ventilation. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Pneumatic conveying and other mechanical handling operations can generate combustible dust. To reduce the potential for dust explosions, do not permit dust to accumulate. Do not get molten material in eyes, on skin or clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied. Use only with adequate ventilation. Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

**Conditions for safe storage:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control parameters**

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

## **Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls:** Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred for most operations.

# Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use safety glasses (with side shields). If there is a potential for exposure to particles which could cause eye discomfort, wear chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.

# **Skin protection**

**Hand protection:** Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized. Use gloves to protect from mechanical injury. Selection of gloves will depend on the task. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed.

**Other protection:** No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. Use an approved air-purifying respirator when vapors are generated at increased temperatures or when dust or mist is present.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: When dust/mist are present use a/an Particulate filter. When combinations of vapors, acids, or dusts/mists are present use a/an Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance** 

Physical state pellets
Color clear
Odor mild

Odor Threshold No test data available

**pH** Not applicable, substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Melting point/range100 °C (212 °F)Freezing point82 °C (180 °F)Boiling point (760 mmHg)Not applicable

Flash point 335 - 365 °C (635 - 689 °F) ASTM D 1929

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** 

= 1)

Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) May form combustible dust concentrations in air during

processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) Not expected to be a static-accumulating flammable liquid.

Lower explosion limitNot applicableUpper explosion limitNot applicableVapor PressureNot applicableRelative Vapor Density (air = 1)Not applicable

Relative Density (water = 1) 0.93
Water solubility negligible

Partition coefficient: n- No data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature No test data available

**Decomposition temperature** >325 °C (617 °F) Decomposition can occur with extended

residence time in the extruder.

Dynamic Viscosity Not applicable
Kinematic Viscosity Not applicable

**Explosive properties**No test data available

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Dust can form an explosive mixture in air.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid static discharge.

**Incompatible materials:** Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

## **Hazardous decomposition products:**

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Hydrocarbons. Organic acids. Aldehydes. Acrolein. Alcohols. Ketones.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

# **Acute Toxicity Endpoints:**

Not classified based on available information.

## Acute oral toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts. May cause choking if swallowed.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Typical for this family of materials. LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

# Acute dermal toxicity

#### Information for the Product:

No adverse effects anticipated by skin absorption.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Typical for this family of materials. LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

## Acute inhalation toxicity

# Information for the Product:

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust. Vapors released during thermal processing may cause respiratory irritation.

As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Typical for this family of materials.

Prolonged contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Mechanical injury only.

Under normal processing conditions, material is heated to elevated temperatures; contact with the material may cause thermal burns.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

## Information for the Product:

Typical for this family of materials.

Solid or dust may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Elevated temperatures may generate vapor levels sufficient to cause eye irritation. Effects may include discomfort and redness.

#### Sensitization

#### For skin sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

## For respiratory sensitization:

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

## Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Not classified based on available information.

## Information for the Product:

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Not classified based on available information.

## Information for the Product:

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

# Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# **Teratogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

## Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

# Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# Mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

# Information for the Product:

Product test data not available.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data are available.

## **General Information**

No data is available on the product itself. Toxicity is expected to be low based on insolubility in water.

## **Toxicity**

## Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic, but material in pellet or bead form may mechanically cause adverse effects if ingested by waterfowl or aquatic life.

## Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability:** This water-insoluble polymeric solid is expected to be inert in the environment. Surface photodegradation is expected with exposure to sunlight. No appreciable biodegradation is expected.

## Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation:** No bioconcentration is expected because of the relatively high molecular weight (MW greater than 1000).

# Mobility in soil

In the terrestrial environment, material is expected to remain in the soil. In the aquatic environment, material is expected to float.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods:** DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility of the waste generator. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, dispose the product in a permitted industrial waste facility per applicable regulations. Consult the local waste disposal expert about the appropriate waste disposal method. Mechanical and chemical recycling or energy recovery are the preferred options. If not possible, consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

**Contaminated packaging:** Empty containers may retain product residues and should be disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Label warnings should be followed even after container is emptied. Improper disposal or reuse of this container may be dangerous and illegal. Consultwith the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities. All disposal practices must be in compliance with Federal, State/Provincial and local regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

## Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

# Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Combustible dust

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

# California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

# United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## Other information

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

## Revision

Identification Number: 89001408 / A001 / Issue Date: 10/18/2023 / Version: 6.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule;

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response: ERG - Emergency Response Guide: GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA -Resource Conservation and Recovery Act: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

# **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

## **NUCREL™ 0910 Acid Copolymer**

#### WARNING

**Hazards:** If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air. **Supplemental information** Slipping hazard. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

#### **COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

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